



**Microeconomics
HM207**

**Introduction to
Microeconomics**

Topic 1: Basic Concepts & Principles



What is Economics all about?

How **FIRMS** decide
how much to
produce, how
many workers to
hire

How **SOCIETY** decides
how to divide its
resources between
national defense,
consumer goods,
protecting the
environment, and other
needs

How **CONSUMERS**
decide what to
buy, how much to
work, save, and
spend



So how would you define Economics?

- the study of how **INDIVIDUAL, FIRMS** and **SOCIETIES** use **LIMITED RESOURCES** to satisfy **UNLIMITED WANTS**.

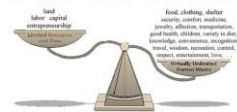
That's my GIRL?



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The Fundamental Economic Problem

SCARCITY



When material **NEEDS** and **WANTS** exceed our ability to fulfill them due to **LIMITED RESOURCES!**



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How do People Choose or Make Decisions?

- Economics is a study of how people make decisions**
- Our Economic Decisions involve:**
 - Trade-offs
 - Efficiency vs. Equity
 - Opportunity Cost
 - Marginalism
 - Incentives

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Principles of How People Make Decisions Principle 1: People Face Tradeoffs

- All decisions involve tradeoff



OR



OR



OR



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Principles of How People Make Decisions

Principle 2: Society Face Tradeoffs

- Society faces an important tradeoff

EFFICIENCY



OR

EQUITY



Allocative Efficiency:
An efficient economy is one that produces what people want at the least possible cost.

Equity:
An equitable economy is one that has fairness of economic outcomes

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Principles of How People Make Decisions

Principle 3: The Cost of Something Is What You Give Up to Get It

- Making decisions requires comparing the costs and benefits of alternative choices

Opportunity cost is the best alternative that we forgo, or give up, when we make a choice or a decision.



Opportunity Cost



Principles of How People Make Decisions

Principle 4: Rational People Think at the Margin

- In weighing the costs and benefits of a decision, it is important to weigh only the costs and benefits that arise from the decision.

Marginalism: Considers only the **additional cost (MARGINAL COST)**, NOT the **SUNK COST**.



Which Bank?



Principles of How People Make Decisions

Principle 5: People Respond to Incentives

- Rational People Respond to Incentives

Incentive: what people get for doing something



- When gas prices rise, consumers buy more hybrid cars and fewer gas guzzling SUVs
- When MEGA-SALE comes, we buy things we don't need

- Remunerative** (*financial, share of profits*)
- Moral Incentives** (*guilt, self esteem*)
- Coercive Incentive** (*punishment, shame*)
- Natural Incentive** (*pain, joy, fear*)



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SEE YOU NEXT SESSION

Download and Read for the Tutorial!



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